# LECTURE SUMMARY 1.1

# 1. Administrative issue, Syllabus, Course outline

1. Basic introduction to myself and this course, lecture time/office hour/tutorial time/TA's office hour;

2. Syllabus and Course Outline has been uploaded on Blackboard.

3. Quizzes, Assignments, Problem sets, term test, final test.

- 4. Marking scheme.
- 5. No make-up term test/quizzes, 20%/day punishment on late submission of assignments.
- 6. Assignment 1 & Quiz 1 time.

7. all above information could be found in Syllabus and Course outline. We will use Blackboard to post all the materials as well as grades.

#### 2. LIMIT, DIFFERENTIATION, INTEGRATION

1. continuous function.

2. relationships between differentiation and integration, examples.

3. Fundamental Theorem of Calculus.

4. Obligation1: Remember/Recite all the formulas in Section 5.1 Theorem 2 (Page 340), i.e., basic integration formulas. Ask TA or come to my office hour if you need any help in understanding the table of integration.

5. Obligation2: Remember/Recite basic formulas for differentiation.

6. Obligation 3: Know how to draw graphs of  $e^x$ ,  $\ln x$ ,  $\sin x$ ,  $\cos x$ ,  $\tan x$ ,  $\cot x$ ,  $\sec x$ ,  $\csc x$ , ax + b,  $ax^2 + bx + c$ ,  $x^3$ .

# 3. FUNDAMENTAL THEOREM OF CALCULUS (FTC)

**Theorem 3.1** (Part I). Let f be continuous and  $F(x) = \int_a^x f(t)dt$ , then F'(x) = f(x).

**Theorem 3.2** (Part II). Suppose F'(x) = f(x), and f is continuous, then  $\int_a^b f(x)dx = \int_a^b F'(x)dx = (F+C)|_a^b = F(b) - F(a)$ , where C is any constant.

Ex1.  $(\int_0^x e^t \sin t dt)' = e^x \sin x$ . Ex2.  $\int e^x - x \, dx$ . Ex3. Population of bacteria.  $P'(t) = 100e^{-3t}$ , P(1) = 500, what is P(0), P(2)?

# 4. Substitution

- 1. Recall Chain Rule.
- 2. Derive formula of substitution via FTC and Chain Rule.
- 3. Examples,  $\int \tan x \, dx$ ,  $\int (x^2 + 1)^2 * 2x \, dx$ .
- 4. Key 1: 1). Find g', then derive g; 2). Find f'(g), derive f; 3). Use substitution.
- 5. Key 2. The purpose of using substitution is to get rid of those terms that is so complicated and

that you do not want, denote them g.

# 5. Integration by Parts

- 1. Recall Product Rule.
- 2. Derive formula of Integration by Parts via FTC and Product Rule.
- Examples, ∫ x sin xdx, ∫ xe<sup>x</sup>dx, ∫ ln xdx, ∫ x ln xdx.
  Key: Calculate easier integration to derive harder integration.